

مرجع آماد گرازمون کارشناسی ارشد و دکتر ای تخصصی مجموعه روانشناسی ravanamooz.ir 401

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نام نام خانوادگی محل امضاء

عمر جمعه ۹۱/۱/۲۵

دفترچه شماره (۱)

اگر دانشگاه اصلاح شود مملکت اصلاح می شود. امام خمیتی (ره)

جمهوری اسلامی ایران وزارت علوم، تحقیقات و فتّاوری سازمان سنجش آموزش کشور

آزمــون ورودی دورههای دکتــری (نیمه متمرکز) داخل در سـال ۱۳۹۱

زبان انگلیسی (عمومی)

(برای کلیه رشتههای گروههای آزمایشی علوم انسانی، علوم پایه، فنی و مهندسی، کشاورزی و منابع طبیعی، هنر، علوم پزشکی، دامپزشکی، تربیت بدنی، زبان و ادبیات فارسی، فرهنگ و زبانهای باستانی)

مدت پاسخگویی: ۱۲۰ دقیقه

تعداد سؤال: ١٠٠

عنوان مواد امتحاني، تعداد و شماره سؤالات

تا شماره	از شماره	تعدادسؤال	مواد امتحانی	رديف
١	3	Ass.	زبان انگلیسی (عمومی)	Y

فروردین سال ۱۳۹۱

این درس نمره منفی دارد.

حق چاپ و تکثیر سؤالات پس از برگزاری آزمون برای تعامی اشخاص حقیقی و حقوقی ثنها با مجوز این سازمان مجاز میباشد و با متعافین برابر مقوران رفتار میشود.

PART A: Grammar 1 The popularity of game theory has varied ——	and a miles
1) to be introduced by	2) in order to introduce into
3) since its introduction into	4) from its introduction by
Although there are many definitions of MacMahonetal.	PTO STOCKS - USE OF THE CONTROL OF SECTION SEC
 most widely accepted one – by 	2) the one most wide accepted - from
3) one mostly wide accepted - those by	4) the most widely accepted - that of
This debate, on such values as equality	and liberty, may never be finally resolvable.
it turns 2) turning as it does	which it turns 4) turning it does
1) as usually referred to 2) as usually referring to	ervention, — a "treatment" into a situation. o 3) referring usually as 4) usually referred to as
Research in the history of the family has t	progressed from the narrow view of the family as a
household unit as a process over the ent	ire lives of its members.
1) to consider itself	of considering it such
3) to considering it	4) for considering such
In every war, each side tends to regard its own	goals as legitimate and illegitimate.
1) those of the other as	2) one of the other as
3) ones for others being	4) that for others being
Inflation is generally taken to be the rise of pri	ices, or,, the fall of the general purchasing power
of the monetary unit.	
1) to put other way round	2) to put it round other way
3) putting the way other round	4) put the other way round
the human brain is a "language les	arning" organ is provided by neurological studies of
language disorders.	
1) Supporting further the view which	2) To support further the view which
Further supporting the view that	4) Further support for the view that
Most media a new social institution co	ncerned with the production of knowledge ———- sense
of the word.	sense with the proportion of Apowings - sense
	2) to nother commiss. In the widort
1) together comprising - in the widest	
3) altogether comprised of - in most widely	4) is altogether comprised of - in most widely
	individuals, self-fertilization, which occurs in
many plants and some animals.	Figure 1 and 1
the extreme condition being	to be extreme condition as
of which extreme condition is	it is the extreme condition
PART B: Grammar 2	
-The biggest flight creatures ever seen o	n earth lived in the days of the dinosaurs and
1 2	3
were called pterosaurs. No Error	
4.7	
An amazing experiment has been tak	ing place in the desert where an emormous
1	
complex of greenhouses has been created to sin	nulate the <u>different environment</u> of the earth. <u>No Error</u>
Technology has developed so fast in the	28th century that the world children are born
recording) has developed so has m the	1
into today are almost unrecognisable as the	world their parents were born into. No Error
There is really little Arount the British as	re different from other members of the European
1 2	C different from other members of the coropean
Community which some an entatistic dama	notes to No Person
Community which some recent statistics demo	ustrate, NO Error
- Researchers have found that skin cancer is inc	reasing by 5 percent a year all over the
world and cases have doubled in the last ten ye	ars. No Error
3	4
- Happening the first Airbus crash, the	Air France chief instructor was grounded because
1	
investigators did not believe his story	that the computers on board did not respond
1	that the computers on board did not respond
quickly enough. No Error	
3 4	
The modern view runs counter to the	principal assumption of the traditional view that
1	principal assumption of the traditional view that
all knowledge except for some simple principle	e of arreciation is learned No Percer

18-	In	the	period	imme	diately	prior	to	the	Second	W	orld	War,	the	theor	retical	basi 2	s for
	socie	olog	broade	ned an	d drawn	particu 3	larly	on	the insig	hts o	n bur	eaucr	acy. <u>N</u>	e Erre	<u>or</u>	-	
19-	Test 1	1	X294533		seen <u>as o</u>	2			3				vorld,	but no	w it		
	is sa	id th	at biling	gualism	is restric	ted to	gibai	eno	as group	s. No	Erro	r		200			
20-	The	di	scovery	that	dreams	take	pla	ce	primaril	y d	luring	а	distin	ctive	state	of	sleep,
	to id	lenti 2	fy by ob	jective	criteria, <u>l</u>	ed to a	rebi	rth c	of interes	t in	dream	s. <u>No</u>	Error 4				
			: Vecab					219615									
21-	4.5	voke			nemories 2) design		grea		3) resem				4) con	memo	orated		
22-					lly before		ing w									ace er	am.
3,00	1) q	vest			2) route			21-111	promp	t			4) ven				
	1) de	epos	ed		n from in 2) decam	ped	Agent		repeal	ed			4) disp	atched		•	
24-		0.000			ece of wri		mus				rom a				4		
25.	The	cen	hitian a	Here o	2) faction fascinatin		- 04	life l	3) episod	ic the w	payee.		4) con	Siltuen	IL.		
40		nterp			2) glimps		- 44		3) multig				4) scn	rtiny			
26-				contin	ued to -	tl	ie sei							777			
ā.		bliter			2) discha				3) mitiga	ite			4) hine	der			
27-					not affec		-			400		ALL!			1		
79			uity relation:		2) fragilit rch seem:		Iarlei		3) liabili		its fin		4) exp		ble		
40-					2) presun				3) entitle				4) rigo		aure.		
29-	Bloc	od te	9ts	- an in	fection as	the ca		fthe	sympto	ms.	33		10000000	603			
30		rew t			2) broke our resea		d de		 ended 		with o		4) rule		ā	8	#
50	1) co	omm	uted	ES BERTOLIN	2) interro	gated	u uc	veru	3) aligne						0.0		
31-	The	clou	ds	- as q	2) interro	they ha	d ga	ther	ed.	10	, W. J.		.,, .,		-0"		
	1) ui	nfold	ed		2) dispers	sed			withdr	rew		中心質	4) reli	nquish	ed		
32-					ebody, th		st wil				im/ber				. 9		
22			ocated		2) stipula				stretch				4) mar				
22-		ome wing			2) dilemn		nas D		3) surge	- aws	ay iro		4) disr		s of far	mily i	ile.
34					ge in the		r mo			iect.			4) disi	1119901			60
												Part of	4) peri	urbati	on		
35-	Five	yea	rs ago,	the cou	2) gravity intry carr	ried ou	1 -	-	reform	to 1	mode	rnize	its eco	nomy	and o	ow it	bas a
	pros	pere	us econ	omy.						-		9	9.0				
24			aring		2) full-gr				3) far-rea		g		4) long	g-estat	lished		
20-	64000	verri		ot easu	2) sustain		ME O		3) overce		0 11	b d	4) surp	2280	E/O		
37-				25	-: "I thi		refo						7,34.1				
	2000	ictun			2) standir	Children and the same			3) jargon	l.			4) app	roxima	ation		
38-					ld be			nd t	beoretic	al ba	sis.		100000000000000000000000000000000000000		10-11/03/03		
20	1) de	efied			2) underp	inned			3) medita	ated	energy.		4) refu	irbishe	d		
27-	1 mis	s par	er is sai vay from	a 10	- our si	andar	a, 50	It w	111 not ge	t pu	Dusne	G.	4) fall	chart.	of		
40.					2) have a ountry co							ite sia				e reoi	me
alice:		W000000	racted		2) contor				3) overth				4) bou	Contract Con			1000
41-				's popu	larity bas		ed a					iled to			employ	ment	03
		ull o			2) grip w				3) turn o			4200	4) thro	w up			
42-			atters a	e signi	ficant bec		iey –		A 5		esear	ch.	No.				
43	1) 10	t up	C +b.		2) fall thr	ough	1.		3) pass o	n 	te	239 ×	4) bea	ron			
43-		rop –		repor	t is wrong 2) dash –		-n	500/	3) boil –	down	n agai	no.	4) cros	18 - AT	et		
44				re pres	ented at t		feren	ce. l	but one -	JUW			47 6100	- OU	•		
	1) st	ands	out	eren Banzan	2) stands	by			3) sets or	at			4) sets	up			
45-	This	lice	nce	пе	xt month-	-you i	nust	get i	it renewe	rd.				58			
			out		2) runs or				breaks		vn		4) sett	les do	WTI		

PART D: Cloze Test

Before the development of writing, human beings had existed for about 2.5 million years—over 500 times (49) ———— the total span of recorded history. The long period before writing began is called

Prehistoric Times. Scientists have (50) ————together the story of that period.

World history shows that civilization today is the product of many cultures. For thousands of years, var-

ious peoples have borrowed ideas and inventions from each other. This (51) ------ is called culture diffusion.

(52) ------- most of world history, the most important regions for new ideas and inventions were the Middle East, Egypt, India, and Chima. But during Modern Times—the period of the last 500 years—Western civilization has made rapid progress, while other civilizations (53) -------. As a result, the course of culture diffusion changed. During Modern Times, the flow of ideas and inventions has (54) ------- from West to East. The development of worldwide systems of communication and transportation conquered (55) ---------- of time and distance.

46- 1) narrates	2) covers	3) ranges	4) spreads
47- 1) a little earlier	2) early a little	3) too much sooner	4) sooner or late
48-1) movement	2) progress	3) direction	4) proceeding
49- 1) much larger than	2) as large as	3) so long as	4) longer than
50- 1) announced	2) combined	3) pieced	4) cooperated
51- 1) transformation	2) exchange	3) culture	4) record
52-1) Throughout	2) Altogether	3) In spite of	4) Across
53- 1) lagged	2) impaired	3) detained	4) preceded
54- 1) transferred	2) swept	3) erupted	4) carried
55- 1) domains	2) contexts	3) periods	4) barriers
56-1) marked by	2) dated back to	3) emerged by	4) referred to
57- 1) shifted	2) inspired	3) flourised	4) created
58- 1) even if the other	2) whereas other	3) unlike the others	4) while others
59- 1) are then	2) still are	3) are so far	4) are yet
60- 1) ever before	2) ever since	3) since then	4) ever then

PART E: Reading Comprehension

The forest from which Man takes his timber is the tallest and most impressive plant community on Earth. In terms of Man's brief life it appears permanent and unchanging, save for the seasonal growth and fall of the leaves, but to the forester it represents the climax of a long succession of events.

No wooded landscape we see today has been forest for all time. Plants have minimum requirements of temperature and moisture and, in ages past, virtually every part of Earth's surface has at some time been either too dry or too cold for plants to survive. However, as soon as climatic conditions change in favour of plant life, a fascinating sequence of changes occurs, called a primary succession.

First to colonize the barren land are the lowly lichens, surviving on bare rock. Slowly, the acids produced by these organisms crack the rock surface, plant debris accumulates, and mosses establish a shallow root hold. Ferns may follow and, with short grasses and shrubs, gradually form a covering of plant life. Roots probe even deeper into the developing soil and eventually large shrubs give way to the first trees. These grow rapidly, cutting off sun light from the smaller plants, and soon establish complete

domination—closing their ranks and forming a climax community which may endure for thousands of years.

Yet even this community is not everlasting. Fire may destroy it outright and settlers may cut it down to

gain land for pasture or cultivation. If the land is then abandoned, a secondary succession will take over,
developing much faster on the more hospitable soil. Shrubs and trees are arrong the early invaders,
their seeds carried by the wind, by birds and lodged in the coats of mammals.

For as long as it stands and thrives, the forest is a vast machine storing energy and the many elements

essential for life.

61- Why does the forest strike mankind as permanent?

1) It is an essential part of our lives.

3) Our lives are short in comparison.

62- What has sometimes caused plants to die out in the past?

1) The introduction of new types of plants

3) The absence of wooded land

63- In a "primary succession" (line 7), what makes it possible for mosses to take root?

1) The amount of moisture

2) The type of rock

3) The amount of sunlight

4) The effect of lichens

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	are needed for shrubs to		
The ground must Ferns must take n	be covered with grass.	 Smaller plants mu More soil must ac 	
	ry succession" (line 15)		cumilate.
	ace for new plants.	2) The ground is mor	re suitable.
	ls bring new seeds.	4) It is supported by	the forest.
	lly" (line 5) can best be re		50,000,700,000
1) actually	2) hastily	3) abundantly	4) ultimately
	(line 14), the author mean c 2) shrubs		0.6
i) a group of people. The word "thrives	" (line 18) is closest in m	3) smaller plants	4) trees
1) needs water	2) grows	3) gets older	4) values
Naturally the ye was, that most of t words. It is all a ma to speak differently	oung are more inclined to the verbal changes origina atter of using old words in from their parents, they w	ate. But listening critically a new way and then copyi vant even more to speak lik	nd it is in their speech, as it always to their talk I hear hardly any new ng each other, for much as they wish
Of course it is no as smashing, great groping for words	ot only the young who like t, fab or cosmic, their par of praise that are at once a	e to use the latest in-word. ents and the more discrin pt and fashionable. Howeve	While they are describing their idols amating of the younger set are also r, their choice of splendid,
Magic is a the our nature). Charm used so much that s	ning, entrancing and enchi some of its magic has fade	plied words of praise (and inting are all based on it. So d while among teenagers w	the choice must betray something in o also is marvellous, which has been izard had a great
			, which was all the rage in the great
			or "grammarye", which itself was words have always been at the heart
of magic.) The char gleaming and glitte	nge from "r" to "I" may ha ering.	we come about through the	association with words like
total stock increase disappear complete rather like asking it	s all the time. But some th ly. "Did you really say t f I ever wore a suit of arm	at start only as slang and ne ipping when you were yo	ver rise above that class can ung?" my granddaughter asked me, was no sillier than smashing, which
 What do young pe Give words new 	poraries are still saying, eople like to do in their si meanings to mislead their at older people cannot und eted by pop stars	parents	539
4) Copy the speech	of their contemporaries		
1) older people try	eep changing because to avoid the in-words of the becoming more discrimi	ne young	محمد
3) they lose their fr			7
	ords available in this area		and the second second
	ic is a frequent source of n interested in magic	words of praise suggests t 2) are interested in m 4) are becoming mon	agic when young
	rds does NOT have an a		c superstitions
1) Gleaming	2) Grammar	3) Marvelous	4) Wizard
	anddaughter, the word r		THE STATE OF THE S
	aning than it does for the a	uthor 4) means much the sa	une as smashing
	(line 19) refers to		5949 03
l) use	2) stock	3) time	4) word
1) searching	g" in (line 8) is closest in 2) investing	3) using	4) preferring
17 Scarcing	2) investing	J) using	a) preterring
individuals are high milk of human kind	hly competitive, innately hi dness and are sublimely in	ostile, fast eating and rapid different to the passage of	rsonality affects our heart. Type A talking, whilst B types drown in the time. It is an uncomfortable fact that of cigarettes, alcohol and
cream buns are tak		- San	The Summer we see

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Personality is to a large extent genetically endowed – A-type parents usually beget A-type offspring. But the environment must also have a profound effect, since if competition is important to the parents, it is likely to become a major factor in the lives of their children.

One place where children soak up A traits is school, which is, by its very nature, a highly competitive

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10	institution. Too many schools adopt the 'win at achievements. The current mania for makint produces a two-tier system, in which competiti Addiction to winning can have dangerous co	g children compete against ve A types seem in some way	their peers or against the clock better than their B type fellows.
15	runner, dropped dead seconds after croaking: 'I By far the worst form of competition in sch rare school that allows pupils to concentrate examination are dubious enough, but competiti	Rejoice, we conquer!' nools is the disproportionate of on those things they do well on in the certain knowledge of	emphasis on examinations. It is a ll. The merits of competition by of failure is positively harmful.
20	Obviously, it is neither practical nor desirab both types, and schools have an important duty employment. It is a fallacy, for instance, that p are many B types in top management. If the preoccupation of schools with acade	to try to fit a child's personal ecople successful in business	ity to his possible future are full of competitive zeal; there
8	children surer values. Perhaps selection for the less by good grades in chemistry and more by s	caring professions, especially such considerations as sensitive	medicine, could be made vity, altruism and compassion.
25	It is surely a mistake to choose our doctors ex encouraged.	clusively from A type stock.	B's are important and should be
76	- According to cardiologists, Type A individus	als are usually	
	1) greedy 2) aggressive		4) carefree
77	- Children develop into Type A rather than T	ype B individuals because o	f
	hereditary defects	pressure from their fri	ends
-	differences in social class	4) parental attitudes	
78	What feature of schools does the author crit		
	Sport is rated below academic achievement.	Intelligent students be	
	Some individuals are undervalued.	4) There is a limited cho	ice of subjects.
79	 What is particularly harmful about examins 		
	Failure rates are high.	Some students are bounded.	
- 60	Unsuitable subjects are set.	 The wrong students st 	
90	- Entrants to the medical profession at presen		
	1) competitive spirit	academic achievemen	ls
04	3) interest in society	4) personal qualities	م حد م
81	The word "mania" in (line 11) means	1 07 75	
	1) mentality 2) decision	3) desire	4) manner
5	constructed, and they do allow glimpses into the The most efficacious time machine current	ns of a time machine, a ve els and adaptations over the cial Relativity lays the found bility to travel in time. How he past. htly in existence is the Hub	whicle which takes the occupant years have further promoted the ation for the possibility of time wever, time machines have been table Telescope, named after the
sun!	American astronomer Edwin P. Hubble. Its cap them, permitting their faint light to aggregate o	n its detectors, allows it to pe	er far into the past. Light
10	travels 186,000 miles per second. The Hubble light left them billions of years ago. Therefore, to contemplate galaxies as they were cons ago. Although the telescope was launched into sp	utilizing the telescope as tin	ne machine, astronomers are able
15	astronomer Lyman Spitzer, Jr. mulled over the "Astronomical Advantages of an Extra-Terresti chuming atmosphere, earth-based telescopes of Telescopes were constructed on mountains, but	possibility of a large space te rial Observatory." Because th annot penetrate deep space; t	lescope in a 1946 report, e earth is bathed in its constantly the atmosphere distorts the view.
	the effects of the layers of gases enveloping the	earth	ony cocape
	During the 1960s, the Space Race between t	he then-Soviet Union and the	United States was accelerating
0.0	The National Aeronautics and Space Administrate abundant, and plans for a large space teles	stration (NASA) was establis	shed. Funds for space endeavors
	underway. The designs called for a 2.4-meter p by one of NASA's rockets. According to Na	rimary telescope mirror which tional Geographic's Imaging	h could be transported into space Space and Time, the resolving
	power of the deep space telescope would be "en	quivalent to being able to dist	inguish the left and right
25	headlights of a car in California seen from New full moon. This was at least a tenfold increase of	York, or features less than I over the atmospheric limit."	/30,000th the size of the
on.	One of the primary challenges involved protecting the mirror from the jarring vibration able to withstand the shuttle's vicissitudes as we	ns that occur during launch. ell as the volatile atmospher	It was crucial that the mirror be ic conditions found in space. If
30	not, the precise shape of the mirror could be co weakened.	mpromised, and its imaging o	apadility significantly

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been ground correctly. A lens in optical standards. In 1993, space-v of the Hubble. In 2009, the correct	unched, astronomers subsequently rea the test instrument was about one n walking astronauts installed corrective tive lenses themselves were replaced w tive lenses. The new spectrograph is	nillimeter askew, which is large by lenses which improved the eyesight vith a supersensitive
origins of stars and galaxies. The successor to Hubble, the	James Webb Space Telescope, is expe	ected to be launched in 2014. It will
40 ultraviolet light ranges.	complement the Hubble Telescope, w	nich observes in the visible and
Hubble currently has the cape humans existed, in an area called Ultra Deep Field to a time that is onto something in his novella, tha	bility to view galaxies that were forme the Hubble Ultra Deep Field. Astronon devoid of galaxies, a time before gala t time may be close at hand. As one of	ners aspire to see beyond the Hubble ixies had formed. If H.G. Wells was the characters in the popular work
	orth dimension of Space, why is it, and erent? And why cannot we move in T	
dimensions of Space?"	order rate my definer no more in a	and the me more about in the one.
character by proposing that travel	novella, Einstein's Special Theory Rel ing through space at the speed of light	would alter time by causing it to
	t merely glimpsing the past, but perhap	
	of the following statements is/are transcribed in the serve light on the infrared part of the s	
	ed by the James Webb Space Telescope	
	onstructed in 1946, but not launched up	
1) I only 2) II onl		4) III only
83- According to the passage, who h	ad the idea for the Hubble Telescope	?
1) H.G. Wells 2) Alber	t Einstein 3) Edwin P. Hubble	4) Lyman Spitzer, Jr.
84- In (line 29), "vicissitudes" most		
 long delays which may compro 		
atmospheric conditions which r		
shaking and quivering which m		
4) toxic emissions which may cau		
	which of the following best articu	lates the author's opinion of the
inception of the Hubble?	2	2017-10
It was a pipedream with little in		all.
It was based on a scientific prop		
It was an emergency response t	ey which were needed elsewhere.	
86- The primary purpose of the pas		
	Hubble Space Telescope as a tool for ex	valorina deen caace
	ubble Telescope functions as a modern	
	ch underlay the mid-century national d	
space-based observatory	G. Wells' notion of time travel with Alt	
Special Theory of Relativity		
87- It can be inferred that the autho	r regards time travel as	THE THE PARTY OF T
 an interesting literary notion, be 	at proven to be impossible by Einstein's	s Special Theory
a ridiculous idea whose time ha	s come and gone, as well as an astrono	mical improbability
a persuasive topic in fiction, as	well as a hypothetical possibility in lig	ht of Einstein's Special Theory
	tion of a fictional author, with little rele	evance to today's
scientific community		250 Brand & Co.
	age that scientists believe that time is	
an impenetrable mystery	a spatial dimension	1
3) a constant	4) unidirectional	
89- The word "it" (line 49) refers to		4 Participal
1) light 2) speed	3) space	4) time
90- The word "inception" in (line 13	can best be replaced by	

1) idea 2) travel 3) beginning
91- An example of using a telescope to travel in time is given in paragraph
1) one 2) three 3) eight 4) six The terms "intelligence augmentation" and "intelligence amplification" evoke images of human beings with computer chips embedded in their skulls or bizarre accoutrements attached to their heads. However, according to an article entitled Get Smart by Jamais Cascio, human beings' ability to augment their intelligence is precisely the prowess which has empowered us to survive "a series of convulsive glacial"

4) construction

events" evinced by the last ice age.

Neurophysiologist William Calvin asserts that the human species continues to evolve cognitively and to create its own cognitive evolution in two basic ways: external and internal.

سفحه ۸ Cascio states that humans have been externally augmenting their intelligence for millennia. By developing written language, we boosted our capacity to share information over space and time. Other developing written language, we poosed our capacity a stage institution of space and industrial technologies, reduced the exigencies of manual labor.

Current external digital systems augment human intelligence by allowing us to perform tasks that would be unfeasible with recourse only to the rational skills of a singular human brain. Cascio cites as examples the "powerful simulations and massive data sets (which) allow physicists to visualize, understand, and debate models of an 11- dimension universe, real-time data from satellites, global environmental databases, and 15 high-resolution models (which) allow geophysicists to recognize the subtle signs of long-term changes to the planet," and similar man-made interactions which have the functional effect of augmenting human intelligence. Conceivable potential software could incorporate individual "attention filters" or "focus assistants" which would discern and highlight your individual preferences in a computer display, permitting you to focus and direct your computer searches more efficiently than you do now. It could incorporate individualized planning and foresight systems which could allow people to play "what-if" with their life choices. Such systems could co-evolve with people to produce intimate technologies which would become "something akin to collaborative intuition," through web-based information systems with personalized components, according to Cascio. Somewhat more problematic in social terms might be pharmacological intelligence augmentation,

25 evoking Brave New World nightmares — pharmaceutically placated people tranquilized to zombie-like subservience to the collective and a central bureaucracy dedicated to its own continued survival. However, as with external cognitive augmentation, the future has arrived - in the form of, for example, ADD drugs, pharmaceutical agents which mitigate sleep disorders, and antidepressants, all of which enhance human problem - solving ability and cognitive efficiency. According to Cascio, "people who don't know about 30 (such drugs) or don't want to use them will face stiffer competition from people who do. From the perspective of a culture immersed in athletic doping wars, the use of such drugs may seem like cheating.

From the perspective of those who find they're much more productive using this form of enhancement it's no more cheating than getting a faster computer or a better education." Cognitive amplification, whether by external or internal means, may constitute evolution, if Calvin's 35 assertion is correct. Some societies may readily embrace it, while others may shy away. As science fiction writer William Gibson observes, "The future is already here; it's just unevenly distributed." 92- The author is mainly concerned about 1) the differences between external and internal intelligence augmentation 2) some scientists who are working on intelligence augmentation 3) various dangers of intelligence augmentation 4) the basic methods of intelligence augmentation 93- The author's use of the phrase "somewhat more problematic in social terms" refers to 1) the difficulty of making pharmacological enhancement socially acceptable 2) the relationship between external and internal intelligence augmentation 3) the difficulty of making cognitive enhancement widely available equalizing cognitive competitive advantages among social groups 94- As it is used in (line 25), the word "placated" most closely means 2) quieted 3) deprived 4) assisted 95- In the context of the passage, which of the following best articulates the author's opinion? 1) Some people consider intelligence enhancement to be a form of cheating. Personalized software could be misused by a bureaucracy intent on its own continued survival. Intelligence amplification by external means might be more difficult to achieve than by internal means. 4) External and internal intelligence enhancement might constitute evolution in cultures that accept them. 96- The primary purpose of the passage is to -1) dispel misgivings about humanity's attempts at creating its own evolution 2) discuss society's reactions to pharmacological cognitive augmentation describe different kinds of intelligence enhancement

3) the effect of medicine on cognitive development 4) people's control by a central government

4) advantage

2) led to great changes on the earth

2) the nightmares of addicted people

human intelligence 4) display

4) destroyed human intelligence

4) illustrate the limitations of external intelligence augmentation

97- The word "prowess" in line 4 is closest in meaning to -

1) was the beginning of intelligence amplification

98- According to the passage, the last ice age

99- Brave New World seems to depict -----

3) made humans get smart

1) the dangers of ADD drugs

100-The word "it" in (line 19) refers to -

2) mind

2) software

1) skill

1) computer